

General Assembly

Substitute Bill No. 5725

January Session, 2003

AN ACT CONCERNING YOUTH IN CRISIS AND CHILDREN OF FAMILIES WITH SERVICE NEEDS.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- Section 1. Section 46b-149b of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2003*):
- (a) Any police officer or any official of a municipal or community agency, who in the course of his employment under subsection (d) of section 17a-15 or section 46b-120, 46b-121, 46b-149, 46b-149a, 46b-150f, as amended by this act, or 46b-150g, as amended by this act, provides assistance to a child or a family in need thereof, shall not be liable to such child or such family for civil damages for any personal injuries which result from the voluntary termination of service by the child or the family.
- 11 <u>(b) Each municipal police department and the Division of State</u> 12 Police within the Department of Public Safety shall implement a
- 13 uniform protocol for providing intervention and assistance in matters
- involving children thirteen years of age or older who are members of
- 15 <u>families</u> with service needs. Such uniform protocol shall be developed
- 16 by the Police Officer Standards and Training Council established
- 17 under section 7-294b.
- 18 Sec. 2. Section 46b-150f of the general statutes is repealed and the
- 19 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2003*):

- (a) Any selectman, town manager, police officer or welfare department of any town, city or borough, any probation officer, any superintendent of schools, any child-caring institution or agency approved or licensed by the Commissioner of Children and Families, any youth service bureau, a parent or foster parent of a youth, or a youth or the attorney or other representative of such youth, who believes that the acts or omissions of a youth are such that such youth is a youth in crisis may file a written complaint setting forth those facts with the Superior Court which has venue over [that] the matter.
- (b) A petition alleging that a youth is a youth in crisis shall be verified and filed with the Superior Court which has venue over the matter. The petition shall set forth plainly: (1) The facts which bring the youth within the jurisdiction of the court; (2) the name, date of birth, sex and residence of the youth; (3) the name and residence of the parent or parents, guardian or other person having control of the youth; and (4) a prayer for appropriate action by the court in conformity with the provisions of this section.
- (c) Upon determination that a youth is a youth in crisis in accordance with policies established by the Chief Court Administrator, the court may make and enforce orders, including, but not limited to, orders: [(1) Prohibiting the youth in crisis from driving a motor vehicle for a time determined by the court; (1) Directing the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles to suspend the motor vehicle operator's license of the youth in crisis for a period of time specified in the regulations adopted pursuant to section 4 of this act; (2) requiring work or specified community service; (3) mandating that the youth in crisis attend an educational program in the local community approved by the court; [and] (4) requiring mental health services; (5) placing the youth in crisis on probation; (6) prohibiting the youth in crisis from being eligible for adjudication as a youthful offender pursuant to sections 54-76b to 54-76o, inclusive; (7) prohibiting the youth in crisis from being eligible for participation in the pretrial program for accelerated rehabilitation under section 54-56e; and (8) committing the youth in crisis to a secure community group home. A youth in crisis found to be

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- 54 in violation of any order under this section shall not be considered to 55 be delinquent and shall not be punished by the court by incarceration 56 in any state-operated detention facility or correctional facility.
- 57 (d) Any program developed by the Court Support Services Division 58 for youth in crisis under this section shall be gender specific, as 59 necessary, and shall comprehensively address the unique needs of a 60 targeted gender group. The Commissioner of Children and Families, in consultation with the Chief Court Administrator, shall adopt 61 62 regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, to 63 establish gender specific criteria for any such program and 64 qualification requirements for participation in such program by youths 65 in crisis.
- 66 (e) Upon determination that a youth is a youth in crisis in 67 accordance with policies established by the Chief Court Administrator, 68 the court may, after hearing, enter an order declaring that the youth in 69 crisis is emancipated if the court finds that: (1) The youth in crisis and 70 the parents or guardian of the youth in crisis are unable to reach an 71 agreement resolving the matters that caused a petition to be filed 72 pursuant to this section; (2) the programs and services offered by the 73 court have not or will not be effective in resolving such matters; and 74 (3) emancipation is in the best interests of the youth in crisis or the 75 parents or guardian of the youth in crisis. An order of emancipation 76 under this subsection shall have the effects set forth in section 46b-77 150d.
 - [(d)] (f) The Judicial Department may use any funds appropriated for purposes of this chapter for costs incurred by the department or the court pursuant to this section.
- 81 Sec. 3. Section 46b-150g of the general statutes is repealed and the 82 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2003*):
 - (a) Any police officer who receives a report from the parent or guardian of a youth in crisis [, as defined in section 46b-120, may] shall attempt to locate the youth in crisis. If the officer locates such youth in

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crisis, such officer [may] shall report the location of the youth to the parent or guardian in accordance with the provisions of federal and state law after such officer determines that such report does not place the youth in any physical or emotional harm. In addition, the police officer [may] shall respond in one of the following ways: (1) Transport the youth in crisis to the home of the child's parent or guardian or [any other person] a suitable and worthy adult; (2) refer the youth in crisis to the superior court for juvenile matters or the probate court in the district where the youth in crisis is located; (3) hold the youth in crisis in protective custody for a maximum period of twelve hours until the officer can determine a more suitable disposition of the matter, provided (A) the youth in crisis is not held in any cell designed or used for adults, and (B) the officer [may] does not release the youth in crisis [at any time without taking further action] to the parent or guardian of the youth in crisis during such twelve-hour period; or (4) transport or refer a youth in crisis to any public or private agency serving children, with or without the agreement of the youth in crisis. If a youth in crisis is transported or referred to an agency pursuant to this section, such agency shall provide temporary services to the youth in crisis unless or until the parent or guardian of the youth in crisis at any time refuses to agree to those services.

- (b) Any police officer acting accordance with the provisions of this section shall be deemed to be acting in the course of the police officer's official duties.
- Sec. 4. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2003) The Commissioner of Motor Vehicles shall adopt regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54 of the general statutes, setting forth the length of suspension and number of points chargeable against the operator's license of a youth in crisis for whom the court has ordered a license suspension under subsection (c) of section 46b-150f of the general statutes, as amended by this act.
- 117 Sec. 5. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2003) (a) The Chief Court 118 Administrator shall assign, in each of five districts established under

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- 119 section 46b-142 of the general statutes that have the highest number of 120 families with service needs and youths in crisis, excluding the number 121 of truants and habitual truants, a court services officer who shall be 122 trained in mediation techniques and shall specialize in matters 123 involving youths in crisis or children thirteen years of age or older 124 who are defiant, rebellious and beyond the control of their parents, 125 guardians or other custodians.
 - (b) All judges and personnel appointed for the treatment and handling of juvenile matters within the districts established under section 46b-142 of the general statutes shall receive not less than twenty hours of training per year in handling matters involving youths who are defiant, rebellious and beyond the control of their parents, guardians or other custodians.
 - Sec. 6. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2003) (a) The Court Support Services Division and the Department of Children and Families shall jointly develop and implement a standardized protocol for the screening and assessment of children with behavioral health needs. Such screening and assessment shall be conducted at the time a complaint or petition is filed pursuant to section 46b-149 or 46b-150f of the general statutes, as amended by this act, in order to divert such children from the juvenile justice system to appropriate behavioral health interventions in their communities. Any statements made by a child or youth during the course of such screening and assessment may not be used against such child or youth in any subsequent proceeding regarding such complaint or petition.
 - (b) The Court Support Services Division and the Department of Children and Families shall jointly develop and implement community-based services and programs exclusively for children who are members of families with service needs or are youths in crisis. Such services and programs shall include: (1) A continuum of researched behavioral health treatment approaches that provide treatment in the child's community, provided such approaches shall replicate existing behavioral health treatment approaches for which evidence of

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- 152 successful treatment outcomes can be shown; and (2) appropriate,
- 153 culturally competent and gender specific community service,
- mentoring, respite home, truancy reduction and mediation programs.
- Such services and programs shall be available to probation officers and
- the court and shall be used to ensure that such children who might
- 157 otherwise be incarcerated, and their families, receive appropriate
- services in the community.
- 159 (c) The Court Support Services Division and the Department of
- 160 Children and Families shall jointly arrange for an independent and
- 161 appropriate evaluation of the screening protocol required by
- subsection (a) of this section and the services and programs required
- by subsection (b) of this section to determine their effectiveness in
- 164 reducing recidivism, incarceration and disproportionate minority
- 165 confinement.
- Sec. 7. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2003) (a) Notwithstanding the
- provisions of sections 46b-150f and 46b-150g of the general statutes, as
- amended by this act, the Probate Court Administrator shall establish a
- pilot program in the probate district of Middletown for the purpose of
- 170 exercising jurisdiction over and administering youth in crisis cases
- arising in said district in which the youths in crisis are not truants.
- (b) On or before January 1, 2005, the Probate Court Administrator
- shall report, in accordance with section 11-4a of the general statutes, to
- 174 the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having
- 175 cognizance of matters relating to the judiciary and the select committee
- of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to
- 177 children, with respect to the status and effectiveness of the pilot
- 178 program established pursuant to subsection (a) of this section.
- 179 Sec. 8. (Effective October 1, 2005) The Department of Children and
- 180 Families shall, within available appropriations, establish in the town of
- 181 East Hampton or its surrounding communities a safe harbor group
- 182 home that shall be known as "Makalya's House". Said group home
- 183 shall be a residential placement resource to any young woman

determined pursuant to section 46b-150f of the general statutes, as 184 amended by this act, to be a youth in crisis, as defined in section 46b-185 120 of the general statutes. Residents of said group home shall be 186 187 provided substance abuse treatment and counseling, educational 188 programs, mental health services and other services, as determined by 189 the court.

This act shall take effect as follows:	
Section 1	October 1, 2003
Sec. 2	October 1, 2003
Sec. 3	October 1, 2003
Sec. 4	October 1, 2003
Sec. 5	October 1, 2003
Sec. 6	October 1, 2003
Sec. 7	October 1, 2003
Sec. 8	October 1, 2005

KID Joint Favorable Subst. C/R JUD

JUD Joint Favorable Subst.